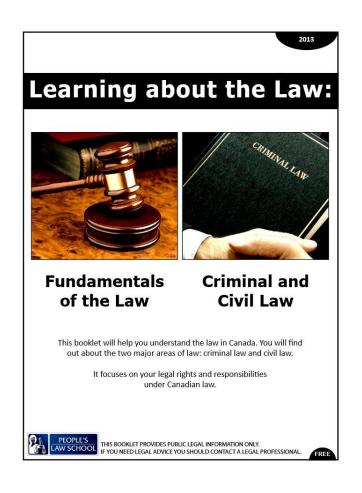


Learning about the Law:

Fundamentals of the Law

CLB 7-8 Instructional Package





Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

CLB Outcomes

CLB 8-IV:Comprehending Information

Understand moderately complex extended descriptions, feature articles, reports and narrations.

■ CLB 7-IV:Sharing Information

Give detailed information; express and qualify opinions and feelings; express reservations, approval, disapproval, possibilities and probabilities one-on-one and in small group discussions or

Content Outcomes

- Identify constitutional rights and freedoms
- Identify social and civic responsibilities
- Know where to find more information about the fundamentals of Canadian law

meetings.

Resources

- People's Law School (PLS) booklet, Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law,
 p. 3-7
- PLS worksheets "Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law"
- Computer Lab (optional)

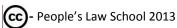
External Resources and Referrals

- For more information on the fundamentals of Canadian Law, visit Immigrant Legal at http://www.immigrantlegal.ca/
- Call Dial-a-Law at 1-800-565-5297
- Visit the local court house (many have orientation programs for newcomers)

Assessment Plan and Tools

Self-assessment checklist

Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law





Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Sample Lesson Plans

Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
15′	 Warm up In pairs or small groups, students discuss terms in a word cloud, identifying what they already know about the topic Go over vocabulary, if needed Assess level of knowledge of/ interest in the topic 	Generate interest Activate prior knowledge	PLS Worksheet: Get Ready!
25'	 Students predict 2 details per content area Students confirm their predictions by reading Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law Go over any new vocabulary, but encourage students to apply word attack strategies first 	Identify constitutional rights, freedoms and social responsibilities Understand a moderately complex text	PLS Worksheet: Predict! Fundamentals of the Law, p. 3-7.
45′	Vocabulary Students practice changing words to different forms Students complete a short fill in the blanks with the correct word forms Students look for the words in the text	Build vocabulary by analyzing word forms	PLS Worksheet: Build your Vocabulary! Fundamentals of the Law, p. 3-7.
15′	 Pronunciation Model breaking words into syllables, marking stressed syllables and reducing other syllables to schwa Students mark the stress in different forms of the same words drill pronunciation have students tap or clap on the stressed syllable 	Notice how word stress moves when the word form changes Pronounce multisyllabic words with correct word stress.	PLS Worksheet: Say it!



Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
20′	 Analyze social responsibilities Think: Students consider the list of responsibilities and questions and make notes Pair: Students share their thoughts and opinions with a partner Share: Pairs of students share the key points of their discussion with the whole class 	Identify social responsibilities and how to fulfill them Compare social responsibilities across cultures	PLS Worksheet: Think about it!
30′	 Small group discussion In small groups, students discuss the 3 cases; sharing information and giving opinions One student takes notes of the main points made in the discussion Groups share the key points from the discussion EXTENSION Groups research and present on one of the cases Write a "letter to the editor" expressing your opinion of the case 	Give detailed information; express and qualify opinions and feelings; express reservations, approval, disapproval, possibilities and probabilities in small group discussions	PLS Worksheet: Talk about it!
20′	 Research Coach and support students finding the required information Refer students to the last few pages of the PLS Learning about the Law booklet for suggested websites 	Find more information about the fundamentals of Canadian law	PLS Worksheet: Find out More!
10′	Self-Assessment • Allow students to fill out self-assessment form independently	Self-assessment	PLS Worksheet: What did you learn?



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Get Ready!

What do you know about the fundamentals of the law in Canada? Look at the words below. What ideas come to mind? What are some rights and responsibilities that all Canadians have?





Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Predict!

You are going to read a booklet called *Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law,* p. 3-7. Look at the learning outcomes for this booklet (below). For each outcome, list 2 or more things that you expect you will read.

In this section, you will learn about:

	2 things I expect to read
Canada's laws	based on British lawprotects people's rights
Canada's constitution	
your rights and responsibilities	
the Rule of Law	
who makes the laws	
levels of government	
Canada's Queen	

Read and Check!

Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law

Read the People's Law School (PLS) booklet, *Learning about the Law: Fundamentals of the Law,* p. 3-7 and confirm your predictions.



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Build your Vocabulary!

Being able to transform words into different parts of speech will help you turn your passive vocabulary (words you know when you see or hear them) into active vocabulary (words you use when you speak or write). Fill in the chart below and then put the correct version of the word into the sentences. If you are unsure of the meaning, look for it in context in the text, talk to your classmates and teacher, or use a monolingual dictionary.

Noun	Verb	Adjective
society		
	govern	
		legal
guilt		
	protect	
		discriminating
regulation		
	politicize	
		symbolic
persuasion		

2.	We need laws to help society.
3.	, police officers and rich people must also obey the laws in Canada.
4.	The Queen is the head of Canada.
5.	Canadians have the right to be thought of as innocent until they are proven

Can you find forms of the above words in sentences in the PLS booklet?

1. Because you can make use of

services in Canada, you must pay taxes.



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Say it!

In English words, one syllable gets more stress. This makes the vowel sound longer, louder, higher and clearer. The other vowels are made weaker and they sound like the schwa sound /ə/. Some syllables even disappear. Sometimes the word stress shifts from one syllable to the other in different forms of the same word. Complete the chart below and then practice saying the words with the correct stress.

Spell the word	Say the word
politics	• palataks
political	pə li təkəl
regulate	
regulation	
symbol	
symbolic	
society	
social	

Say it!

Practice saying the words in sentences. Find sentences in the text or write your own.

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Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Think about it!

In Canada, rights are associated with responsibilities. Look at this list of responsibilities and consider the questions below. Work alone and make notes on your thoughts. Then, share your thoughts with a partner. Finally, share your thoughts with the whole class.

- 1. Go through this list item by item and think of reasons why it is important to fulfill each responsibility. For example, "It is important to help others in the community because there are many vulnerable people who need help, it creates good social connections, and it makes people feel good."
- 2. Can you list specific example of how you can fulfill each of these responsibilities? For example, "I am taking responsibility for myself and my family by learning English."
- 3. This list is a set of cultural ideals. This means that we value these things. It doesn't mean that we all fulfill them all the time. What are some values or responsibilities that people in your first culture share? How are these reflected in law? For example, "In my culture, we value being respectful of our parents. This means that we can't get married without our parents' consent."
- 4. Do immigrants and other newcomers to Canada have the same social responsibilities as people born here? Why or why not?
- 5. Write one question to ask your partner about this topic.

Respecting other people's rights

Paying taxes

Obeying the law

Taking responsibility for oneself and one's family

Serving on a jury

Voting in elections

Helping others in the community

Protecting and enjoying our heritage and environment



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Talk about it!

Rights and freedoms are often tested when protecting one person's or group's rights is weighed against another's or against the common good. The examples below are real Canadian news stories. In small groups, discuss the following:

- the rights, freedoms and responsibilities at issue
- the costs and benefits of protecting these rights and freedoms
- your opinion

Case 1

1990: Sikh Mounties Permitted to Wear Turbans

Canadian Mounties (RCMP officers) are required to wear a hat as part of their uniform. Observant Sikhs are required to wear a turban as part of their religious sacrament. In 1990, the prohibition against RCMP officers wearing a turban was struck down. Now it is not uncommon to see police officers wearing a turban. For more about this, go to http://www.cbc.ca/archives/categories/society/crime-justice/mounties-on-duty-a-history-of-the-rcmp/sikh-mounties-permitted-to-wear-turbans.html.

Case 2

Canada's Polygamy Laws Upheld by BC's Supreme Court

Residents of Bountiful, BC follow the Fundamentalist Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, or FLDS, which practices polygamy as a tenet of their religion. In 2011, Chief Justice Bauman ruled to uphold Canada's anti-polygamy laws despite the fact that they interfere with the FLDS' community's freedom of religion. Bauman justified his decision because of the harm done to women and children in polygamous marriages. For more information, go to http://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/british-columbia/canada-s-polygamy-laws-upheld-by-b-c-supreme-court-1.856480.

Case 3

When is it hate speech?: 7 significant Canadian cases

There is an inherent tension between the right to speak freely and the need to guard against speech that belittles specific groups. Canadians generally believe there must be reasonable limits to what can be said publicly, and the courts have grappled with this on many occasions. For example, in 1984, teacher James Keegstra was charged with hate speech for teaching anti-Semitism to his students. His conviction was later overturned because it was deemed that the anti-hate speech law interfered with his right to freedom of expression. Read more at http://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/when-is-it-hate-speech-7-significant-canadian-cases-1.1036731.





Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Find out More!

Use a computer at home or at school to research the questions below.

1.	What is the Magna Carta and what relation does it have to the Canadian constitution?
2.	What can you do if you feel that you have been discriminated against (at work, in
	housing, in education)? Where can you get more information and assistance to protect
	your rights?
3.	Name the 3 levels of government, the title of the leader and the name and contact
	information for current leaders.



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

What did you learn?

Fill this out on your own.

	Yes, I can do this on my own.	I need to review this.	I can't do this yet.
I can evaluate ideas in a lengthy text, draw conclusions on it and compare it to my opinions.			
I can express and qualify my opinions, including expressing approval and disapproval.			
I can identify some of the rights and freedoms protected by the Canadian constitution.			
I can list some social and civic responsibilities that all who live in Canada share.			
I can find more information about Canadian law.			
What else did you learn today? What other questions do you have about Canadian law?			



Lesson Plan: Protecting Yourself and Your Money (CLB 4)

Build your Vocabulary!

ANSWER KEY

Noun	Verb	Adjective
society	socialize	social
		societal
		governmental
government	govern	governing
		governed
law		
lawyer	legalize	legal
legality		
guilt	guilt (informal)	guilty
Built	gant (informal)	Suncy
n vata ati a n	nuoto et	protective
protection	protect	protected
discrimination	discriminate	discriminating
		regulatory
regulation	regulate	regulated
	_	regulating
politician	politicize	political
symbol	symbolize	symbolic
persuasion	persuade	persuasive

- 1. Because you can make use of **social** services in Canada, you must pay taxes.
- 2. We need laws to help **regulate** society.
- 3. **Politicians**, police officers and rich people must also obey the laws in Canada.
- 4. The Queen is the symbolic head of Canada.
- 5. Canadians have the right to be thought of as innocent until they are proven guilty.



Lesson Plan: Fundamentals of the Law (CLB 7-8)

Say it!

ANSWER KEY

Spell the word	Say the word
politics	po lataks
political	pə li təkəl
regulate	re gyə late
regulation	re gyə la tion
symbol	symbəl
symbolic	symboləc
society	sə Ci əty
social	SO shəl