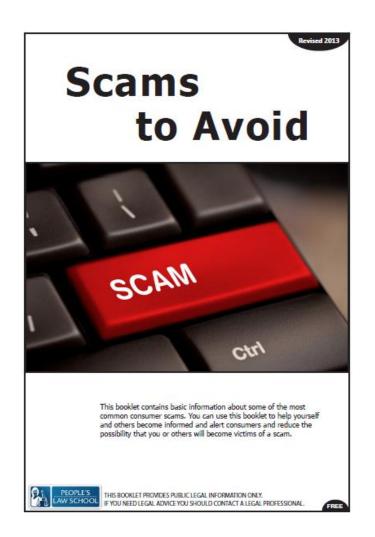


Lesson: Prizes, Sales and Relative Scams

CLB 4 Instructional Package







Lesson Plan: Prize, Sales and Relative Scams (CLB 4)

CLB Outcomes

CLB 4-III: Getting Things Done	Understand short communication intended to influence or persuade others in familiar, everyday situations.
CLB 4-IV: Sharing Information	Give brief descriptions of personal experiences, situations or simple processes, such as getting goods or services.
CLB 4-IV: Comprehending	Understand the purpose, main idea, key information and specific details in simple, short texts related to everyday familiar and personally relevant situations and topics.

Content Outcomes

- Identify key vocabulary and phrases that may indicate a scam
- Identify the ways prize and contest scams try to get your money
- Identify key facts about scams and what you can do to protect yourself

Resources

- People's Law School (PLS) online booklet, Scams to Avoid (2013), p. 13-14
- PLS worksheets "Scams to Avoid: Prize, Sales and Relative Scams"
- Computer Lab (optional)
- Video, "When I'm 64 Scams," http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2arl0qsMQto

External Resources and Referrals

• For more information on scams, visit <u>www.antifraudcentre-centreantifraude.ca.</u>

Assessment Plan and Tools

• Self-assessment checklist





Sample Lesson Plan

Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
10'	 Warm up In small groups, students look at the pictures and discuss the questions Go over vocabulary as needed 	Generate interest Activate prior knowledge	PLS Worksheet: Get Ready!
15'	 Vocabulary collocations Students match up the words on the left column with the words that collocate on the right Students fill in the blanks with the vocabulary words from the left column Go over any new vocabulary as needed In pairs, students discuss the situations in the sentences and relate them to personal experiences 	Identify some key words and collocations related to prize and contest scams Discuss personal experiences with scams	PLS Worksheet: Vocabulary Match Up! Scams to Avoid, p. 13.
15′	 Predict and read Students identify the three types of scams in the PLS booklet and match the descriptions with the type of scam Students skim the PLS booklet to check their answers Check the answers as a class and go over vocabulary as needed 	Identify types of scams and their main characteristics Skim to check information and specific details about various scams	PLS Worksheet: Identify the Scam! Scams to Avoid, p. 13-14.
20'	 Read and respond Students read and respond to the comprehension questions In small groups, students discuss scams they know about in their own countries 	Understand the main details about prize and contest scams	PLS Worksheet: Read and Answer! <i>Scams to Avoid,</i> p. 13-14.





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Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
	 Have each group report back and make a list on the board of the types of scams found in other countries 	Discuss and compare types of scams	
25'	 Student Dictation Review phrases for clarifying and asking politely (e.g. Could you please repeat that. Could you say that again. Slowly, please. I didn't understand, etc.) Place students into pairs and explain that one student (student A) will have the workbook and a pen, and the other student (student B) will have the PLS booklet or a print off of p. 13 Explain the rules: The aim of the activity is to race against other pairs to see which pair can find all of the answers first Student A must ask the questions to B who will skim the PLS booklet to find the answers and respond Student A will record the answers Student B cannot show the booklet to student A, they can only talk to each other 	Understand narrative communication Identify ways scammers try to get your money in prize and contest scams Ask for clarification or details politely Facilitate listener's comprehension by repeating and explaining	PLS Worksheet: Listen and Record! Scams to Avoid, p. 13.



Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
15'	 Discuss Students try to guess the phrases from the context or by asking the teacher In pairs, students discuss the questions with the new vocabulary phrases and share their personal experiences 	Discuss and share personal experiences	PLS Worksheet: Share your Experience! Scams to Avoid, p.13-14.
20'	 Predict and read Make sure booklets are closed In small groups, students discuss what they can do so that they don't become victims of scams Students record the group's answers on the worksheet Students skim and scan the PLS booklet to find out further advice for how to avoid scams and record any ideas that they did not have from their discussion Elicit the answers and any other ideas that each group came up with 	Identify ways to protect yourself from prize and contest scams	PLS Worksheet: Predict and Read! <i>Scam to Avoid,</i> p. 13 – 14.
20'	 Listen to video and respond Students find the meanings of the words by asking one another, the teacher or looking them up Students watch or listen to the video and answer questions and check answers with partner Students discuss personal experiences 	Identify the main ideas and supporting details of the video material	PLS Worksheet: Prepare and Listen! Video: "When I'm 64 – Scams"



Time	Sample Tasks	Expected Outcome	Resources
15'	 Role play dialogue In pairs, students read and practice the dialogue from the PLS video Instruct students to continue the dialogue with Susan explaining to her mother why she thinks it's a scam and her mother asking for advice about scams Remind students to use appropriate register for a mother/daughter conversation Students can perform their finished dialogues for the class 	Give warnings and advice about prize scams Ask for advice on what to do about a prize scam	PLS Worksheet: Act it out!
15′	 Find out more Students find more information about scams by conducting internet research 	Get more information about scams and what to do	PLS Worksheet: Find out more! Computer lab <u>www.antifraudcentre- centreantifraude.ca</u>
10'	 Self-Assessment Allow students to fill out self- assessment form independently 	Self-assessment	PLS Worksheet: What did you learn?





Get Ready!

1

In your group, discuss the following questions:

Have you ever won a prize?

Have you ever been asked to pay or send money to claim a prize? What happened?

Look at the pictures below. What are the prizes?













¹All images retrieved November 6th, 2013, from: <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/images/?CTT=6&ver=14&app=winword.exe</u>



Vocabulary Match Up!

Match the words on the left with the word that goes with it on the right. Some words may have more than one match. Find and underline these phrases in the People's Law School booklet, *Scams to Avoid*, p. 13 - 14. Fill in the blanks in the sentences below with a form the list of words on the left.

to win	a. pressured
to claim	b. a contest
to feel	c. a cheque
to provide	d. products
to participate	e. money
to charge	f. a prize
to send	g. in a competition
to purchase	h. your credit card number

- Scammers are people who try to get your money. They tell you that to ______ a big prize, you first must pay some money.
- 2. To _____your prize, they might ask you to send some money first.
- 3. They might text you a message to invite you to ______in a trivia contest. Each time you text an answer, the scammers ______you a lot of money.
- 4. They might ask you to _____your credit card number to verify your winnings.
- 5. They might ask you to _____products in order to receive your prize.
- They might pressure you to ______the money quickly because the prize is available for a limited time only.
- 7. You might _____ pressured to send money to help your relatives.

Discuss!

With a partner look at the sentences above and discuss any of the situations that you have experienced or someone you know has experienced.





Identify the Scam!

Write the type of scam above the picture. Match the information on the right with the type of scam on the left. Read the People's Law School booklet, *Scams to Avoid*, p. 13 – 14 to check.

relative scam



door-to-door scam







- someone will come to your house to sell you something
- the scammer will ask you to send a lot of money to help your family member
- you have to send money to get your prize
- the scammer will tell you he/she was in a car accident and needs money
- the scammer will tell you that you won something
- the scammer will try to sell you services such as roofing or heating
- you might be asked to participate in a texting completion to win something
- the scammer will pretend to be someone you know
- you have to call a "900" phone number to find out what you won





Read and Answer!

Read the People's Law School booklet, *Scams to Avoid*, p. 13 "Prize and contest scams" and "Facts". Answer the following questions.

- 1. What does the scammer tell you?
- 2. How does the scammer reach you? Why?
- 3. How does the scammer tempt you? Why?
- 4. What may a scammer send you? Why?
- 5. What are the two facts about prize scams?

Discuss!

With a group, discuss the types of scams you know about in your countries. Are they the same or different from the ones in Canada? Explain how they work.





Listen and Record!

Work with a partner to find out how scammers try to get your money. Fill in the information by asking your partner the question, listening to their answer and recording their answer. Remember to use clarification questions if you don't understand what they say (i.e. "Sorry, could you repeat that?" "Did you say...?" "I didn't understand." etc.)

- 1. What do scammers ask you to provide to cover shipping and handling fees, lawyer fees, or taxes to process your winnings?
- 2. What happens if you call a "900" number?
- 3. Do scammers need your signature to use your credit card number?
- 4. Why are you pressured to buy something on the spot?
- 5. What types of items might scammers ask you to purchase so that you can get your prize?
- 6. In a texting competition or texting trivial scam, how do scammers make money?
- 7. Sometimes you are asked to send something. What is it?





Share your Experience!

Find these phrases in the People's Law School booklet, *Scams to Avoid*, p. 13 – 14 and circle them. Try to guess the meaning or ask your teacher. What helped you guess the meaning? Explain the meaning to a partner. Discuss the questions below with your partner.

- 1. Have you bought anything that had a money-back-guarantee? What was it?
- 2. Have you seen a sale recently that was for a limited time only? What was the sale?
- 3. What kinds of sales tactics have you experienced by sales people?
- 4. Have you ever been asked to buy something or provide information on the spot? Explain

the situation.





Predict and Read!

In small groups, discuss what you would do so that you don't become victims of scams. Write your group's answers in the left column in the chart. After discussing, check the People's Law School booklet, *Scams to Avoid*, p. 13 – 14. If you missed an answer or piece of advice, write it down in the People's Law School Advice column.

Scams – What you can do		
Your group's answers	People's Law School's Advice	
Your group's answers	People's Law School's Advice don't pay money to enter prizes don't call "900" number 	





Prepare and Listen!

Look at the vocabulary terms. Do you know the meanings of these words? Ask a partner, your teacher or look up the words in a dictionary. Watch the video "When I'm 64 – Scams" available at http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2arl0qsMQto and answer the following questions:

sweepstakes	scam	cruise	fees

- 1. How did the woman receive the letter?
- 2. When can she collect the prize?
- 3. How much does she need to pay? Why?
- 4. Is her daughter happy about the letter? Why or why not?
- 5. What does her daughter think the letter is? Why?

Discuss!

Discuss the questions with a partner.

- 1. Have you ever received scam messages on you cell phone or in the mail?
- 2. Do you know anybody who became a victim of a scam?





Act it out!

With a partner, practice the dialogue from the video. Continue the dialogue with Susan explaining to her mother why she thinks it's a scam and Susan's mother asking for advice. Perform your dialogue for the class.

"When I'm 64 – Scams"

Narrator:	Susan is visiting her mother and discovers that she has been caught up in a sweepstakes scam.
Susan:	Hi, Mom. How are you?
Mom:	I'm well dear. You're looking well.
Susan:	Thank you. What's this?
Mom:	Oh! I won a cruise! I've just got to pay \$500 for processing and service fees. And then I can collect my prize!
Susan:	Where did you get this?
Mom:	It came in the mail
Susan:	I think this is a scam.
Mom:	I've won a cruise!
Susan:	I think this is a sweepstakes scam.
Mom:	No! The man told me I had won. And oh, and he was so nice!
Susan:	Mom, I think it's a scam because
Mom:	Oh really! What should I do?
Susan:	Well, I think
Mom:	Okay, thanks dear.





Find out more!

Visit the Canadian Anti-Fraud Centre (CAFC) website at <u>www.antifraudcentre-</u> <u>centreantifraude.ca</u> and answer the following questions.

1. How many scams are there? Choose <u>one</u> and read about it. Summarize the scam below.

2. What are the eight ways to recognize a scam listed on the website?





What did you learn? Fill this out on your own.

	Yes, I can do this on my own.	I need to review this.	I can't do this yet.
I can talk about scams.			
I can list ways that scammers try to get your money.			
I can list things I can do to protect myself from scams.			
I can understand short conversations about scams.			

What else did you learn today? What other questions do you have about scams?





Vocabulary Match Up!

ANSWER KEY

to win <u>b, e, f</u>	a. pressured
to claim <u>f</u>	b. a contest
to feel <u>a</u>	c. a cheque
to provide <u>h</u>	d. products
to participate <u>g</u>	e. money
to charge <u>e</u>	f. a prize
to send <u>c, e</u>	g. in a competition
to purchase <u>d</u>	h. your credit card number

- Scammers are people who try to get your money. They tell you that to <u>win</u> a big prize, you first must pay some money.
- 2. To <u>claim</u> your prize, they might ask you to send some money first.
- 3. They might text you a message to invite you to <u>participate</u> in a trivia contest. Each time you text an answer, the scammers <u>charge</u> you a lot of money.
- 4. They might ask you to provide your credit card number to verify your winnings.
- 5. They might ask you to <u>purchase</u> products in order to receive your prize.
- They might pressure you to <u>send</u> the money quickly because the prize is available for a limited time only.
- 7. You might <u>feel</u> pressured to send money to help your relatives.

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Identify the Scam!

ANSWER KEY











Read and Answer!

ANSWER KEY

1. What does the scammer tell you?

You won a prize or first place in a contest and that you won something substantial

2. How does the scammer reach you? Why?

They sometimes send text messages or use names that sound like official organizations so that you will think it's real Text messages are an easy way hook people, people might just send a text back even to ask who this is

3. How does the scammer tempt you? Why?

They might ask easy questions so that you will answer them because this is a way to get you to connect with them and possibly get more information from you

4. What may a scammer send you? Why?

They might send an envelope that says "you won" or "it's your lucky day" and have a cheque inside that looks real because it will spark curiosity and some people might think it's real because the cheque looks real so they will try to pursue it or collect their prize.

5. What are the two facts about prize scams?

If you have to pay to receive your prize, you haven't won anything If you have to purchase products, provide a credit card number or other account numbers or send a fee to receive your prize it's not a prize Prizes should be free and you shouldn't have to pay anything. Once you give out money or your information, it's easy for people to steal or get more personal information from you.





Listen and Record!

ANSWER KEY

1. What do scammers ask you to provide to cover shipping and handling fees, lawyer fees, or "taxes" to process your winnings?

your credit card number

2. What happens if you call a "900" number?

they will charge you a lot of money

3. Do scammers need your signature to use your credit card number?

no

- 4. Why are you pressured to buy something on the spot? because they say the prize is only available for a limited time only
- 5. What types of items might scammers ask you to purchase so that you can get your prize?

pens, key chains, or light bulbs – something small

- 6. In a texting competition or texting trivial scam, how do scammers make money? by the messages they send or the messages you send back
- 7. Sometimes you are asked to send something. What is it?

Certified cheque





Prepare and Listen!

ANSWER KEY

- 1. How did the woman receive the letter? *In the mail*
- 2. When can she collect the prize? After she pays for service and processing fees
- 3. How much does she need to pay? \$500.00
- 4. Is her daughter happy about the letter? No
- 5. What does her daughter think the letter is? *A sweepstakes scam*

